

# Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy



**Learning, Developing, Growing Together**

**Spinfield School  
Terrington Hill  
Marlow  
Buckinghamshire  
SL7 2RE**

**Tel: 01628 473551  
Fax: 01628 477652**

Updated:	April 2020
Review date:	September 2020
Signed:	
Position:	
Date:	

**Please see update regarding school closure procedures on page 3 and page 30  
COVID-19 arrangements for safeguarding and child protection at Spinfield  
school.**

## CONTENTS

1. Contacts
  - 1.1 School contacts
  - 1.2 Contacts in County
  - 1.3 Other contacts
  - 1.4 Linked policies
2. Introduction
3. Responsibilities
4. Procedures
5. Retention of records
6. Confidentiality
7. Dealing with disclosure
8. Supporting staff
9. Allegations against staff and volunteers (including Governors)
10. Whistleblowing
11. Physical intervention/positive handling
12. Anti-bullying
13. Racist incidents
14. Health and Safety
15. Prevention
16. E-safety
17. Sexting
18. Peer on peer abuse
19. Cultural Issues
20. Honour based violence
21. Contextual safeguarding
22. Serious violence
23. Use of photography
24. Policy Review
- APPENDIX
- 25. COVID-19 arrangements for safeguarding and child protection at Spinfield school**

## **Safeguarding for School Closure during COVID-19 Pandemic**

During any school closure the safeguarding of all children and staff will remain a priority. A DSL will remain on site when the school is open wherever possible and available by telephone at all other times.

Safeguarding remains the responsibility of all staff and as such staff will follow the guidance of the school CP policy and Keeping Safe in Education and the current guidance from the DFE <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-safeguarding-in-schools-colleges-and-other-providers/coronavirus-covid-19-safeguarding-in-schools-colleges-and-other-providers>

In addition:

- Staff will make regular contact with parents/carers of children who are vulnerable, looked after, on Children in need plans or who have an education health care plan.
- School will remind parents/ carers about the need for pupils to remain safe on line and direct them to sites where they can obtain more information
- Teachers will not live-stream lessons from their homes.
- Teachers will not engage in any video-calling with children and only in exceptional circumstances, with parents or carers.
- Live streaming can present safeguarding concerns as there is little control over what occurs in the background or on the microphone of those attending the lesson. In addition, any live session that does take place should have two members of staff present and be recorded to protect staff from a potential allegation.
- Teachers should not be asked to personally contact their students daily on an individual basis unless agreed with SLT or as part of the rota for checking on vulnerable children.
- Teachers must not use personal phones, emails or social media to carry out any contact with families.

## 1. Contacts

### School contacts

<b>Headteacher</b>	Jayne Spreadbury 01628 473551
<b>Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)</b>	Jayne Spreadbury 01628 473551
<b>Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead(s)</b>	Rebecca Holland 01628 473551
<b>Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead(s)</b>	Beth Denton 01628 473551
<b>Nominated Safeguarding Governor</b>	George Uden
<b>Chair of Governors</b>	James Grant office@spinfieldschool.co.uk

### Contacts in County

<b>Education Safeguarding Advisory Service</b> ESAS offers support to education providers to assist them to deliver effectively on all aspects of their safeguarding responsibilities.	01296 382912
<b>First Response Team (including Early Help, Channel)</b> The First Response Team process all new referrals to social care, including children with disabilities. Referrals are assessed by the team to check the seriousness and urgency of the concerns and whether Section 17 and/or Section 47 of the Children Act 1989 apply. The First Response Team will ensure that the referral reaches the appropriate team for assistance in a quick and efficient manner.	01296 383962  Out of hours 0800 999 7677
<b>Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)</b> The Buckinghamshire Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) is responsible for overseeing the management of all allegations against people in a position of trust who work with children in Buckinghamshire on either a paid or voluntary basis	01296 382070
<a href="#"><u>Bucks Family Information Service</u></a> Information for families on a range of issues including childcare, finances, parenting and education	01296 383065
<a href="#"><u>Buckinghamshire Safeguarding Children Partnership</u></a> (BSCP) Procedures, policies and practice guidelines	
<a href="#"><u>Schools Web</u></a> School bulletin, Safeguarding links, A-Z guide to information and services	

<b>BCC Equalities &amp; School Improvement Manager</b>	01296 382461
<b>BCC Prevent Co-ordinator</b>	01296 674784
<b>Thames Valley Police</b>	101 (999 in case of emergency)

#### Other contacts

NSPCC <a href="#">NSPCC</a>	0800 800 5000
Childline <a href="#">Childline</a>	0800 11 11
Kidscape – Parent Advice Line (bullying) (Mon-Weds from 9:30am to 2:30pm) <a href="#">Kidscape</a>	020 7823 5430
Female Genital Mutilation Helpline (NSPCC) <a href="#">NSPCC FGM Helpline</a>	0800 028 3550 <a href="mailto:fgmhelp@nspcc.org.uk">fgmhelp@nspcc.org.uk</a>
Samaritans - Helpline <a href="#">Samaritans</a>	116 123
Forced Marriages Unit - Foreign and Commonwealth Office <a href="#">Forced marriage - GOV.UK</a>	020 7008 0151 <a href="mailto:fm@fco.gov.uk">fm@fco.gov.uk</a>
Crimestoppers <a href="#">Crimestoppers</a>	0800 555 111
R-U Safe? Barnardos - Children/Young People Sexual Exploitation Service <a href="#">Barnardos RUSafe Bucks</a>	01494 785 552
<a href="#">CEOP</a> (Child Exploitation and Online Protection)	

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following policies and other policies you feel it would be useful to refer to:

- Anti-bullying
- Attendance
- Behaviour
- Children Looked After
- Equalities
- Lettings

- SEN/Inclusion
- Health & Safety (including managing children with medical needs)
- E-Safety (including use of social media)
- Staff Code of Conduct
- PSHE –
- RE
- RSE
- Whistleblowing
- Safer Recruitment
- Mobile Phone

## 2. Introduction

- 2.1. At Spinfield we believe that a policy on child protection is founded on the right of all children and people to be safe and feel safe, and that it is the fundamental obligation on all schools to robustly secure this right.

This aim of this policy is to provide staff, governors and volunteers with the framework they need to keep children in Spinfield safe and secure and to provide parents and carers with the information about how we will safeguard their children whilst in our care.

This policy has been developed in accordance with the principles established by the **Children Acts 1989 and 2004**; and in line with the following:

- “Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018” - July 2018 [Working Together To Safeguard Children July 2018](#)
- “Keeping Children Safe in Education”- statutory guidance for schools and further education colleges - Sept 2019  
[https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/828312/Keeping\\_children\\_safe\\_in\\_education.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/828312/Keeping_children_safe_in_education.pdf)
- Information Sharing Guidance for Safeguarding Practitioners [Information Sharing Guidance](#) – DfE July 2018
- Children Missing Education; Statutory Guidance for Local Authorities - Sept 2016 [Children missing education - GOV.UK](#)
- Statutory Guidance issued under section 29 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act - 2015 [Prevent Duty Guidance](#)
- Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment between Children in Schools and Colleges – May 2018 [Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment between Children in Schools and Colleges](#)
- The Equality Act - 2010 [Equality Act 2010: guidance - GOV.UK](#)
- The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC) [United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child](#)

- What to do if you're worried a child is being abused - March 2015 [What to do if you are worried a child is being abused](#)
- 2.2. We believe clear governance and leadership is central to embedding a safeguarding culture. The Governing Body takes its responsibility seriously under **section 175 of the Education Act 2002** to safeguard and promote the welfare of children; working together with other agencies to ensure adequate arrangements are in place within our school to identify, assess, and support those children who are suffering harm or whose welfare may be in question. Governors will ensure all staff at the school have read and understood their responsibilities pertaining to **Part 1, Part 5 and Annexe A of Keeping Children Safe in Education, Sept 2019**. They must ensure that there is an auditable system in place to evidence this.
  - 2.3. All staff are required to read and adhere to the **Staff Code of Conduct** which governs behaviours expected of them, as well as having an understanding of the **Behaviour Policy** for children and our **Attendance Policy**.
  - 2.4. We recognise all staff and Governors have a full and active part to play in protecting our pupils from harm, actively promoting their welfare and ensuring that every child's welfare is our paramount concern. Each member of staff is responsible for contributing to a positive culture of safeguarding in Spinfield.
  - 2.5. All staff believe our school must provide a safe, caring, positive and stimulating environment that promotes the social, physical and moral development of the individual children.
  - 2.6. The school recognises that as well as threats to the welfare of children from within their families, children may be vulnerable to abuse or exploitation outside their homes and from other children. Staff must remain vigilant and alert to these potential risks.
  - 2.7. The aims of this policy are:
    - 2.7.1. To support pupils' development in ways that will foster security, confidence and resilience, free from discrimination.
    - 2.7.2. To provide an environment in which children feel safe, secure, valued and respected.
    - 2.7.3. Children feel confident that they know how to approach adults if they are in difficulties.
    - 2.7.4. To ensure all teaching staff, non-teaching staff and volunteers:
      - are aware of the need to safeguard and promote the wellbeing of children
      - identify the need for support early to promote well-being
      - promptly report cases of actual or suspected abuse, in line with guidance from the Buckinghamshire Threshold Document

- are trained to recognise signs and indicators of potential abuse
- 2.7.5. To provide a systematic means of monitoring children known to be or thought to be at risk of harm and ensure contribution to assessments of need and support plans for those children.
  - 2.7.6. To acknowledge the need for effective and appropriate communication, ensuring staff know how and when to share information to protect children in a way that is legal, ethical and timely.
  - 2.7.7. To ensure Spinfield has a clear system for communicating concerns and a model for open communication between children, teachers, parents/carers and other adults working with children.
  - 2.7.8. To have a clearly understood structured procedure within the school which will, in cases of suspected abuse, be promptly followed by all members of the school community.
  - 2.7.9. To ensure the school has robust systems in place to accurately record safeguarding and child protection concerns, which are clearly understood by staff and adhered to. Actions taken to address concerns and outcomes achieved are dealt with in a timely manner, clearly and accurately recorded. These records are securely stored.
  - 2.7.10. To develop effective working relationships with all other agencies involved in safeguarding, supporting the needs of children at our school.
  - 2.7.11. To ensure that all staff appointed have been through the safer recruitment process and understand the principles of safer working practices as set out in our **Staff Code of Conduct**, which stipulates their duty to report where behaviours of colleagues may have stepped outside of agreed safe practices. All staff must work to develop a positive culture of safeguarding in our school.
  - 2.7.12. To provide clarity to other community users of our facilities with regard to our expectations of how they should maintain a safe environment, which supports children's welfare and development. We reserve the right to decline access to use the school facilities where we believe their ethos or practice is not aligned with this policy.
  - 2.7.13. This policy is published on our website, <https://www.spinfieldschool.co.uk/> and hard copies are available from the school office.

### 3. Responsibilities



- 3.1. All staff, visitors and volunteers understand safeguarding children is **everyone's responsibility** and that they must be diligent to help secure children's safety and wellbeing. Any person who receives a disclosure of abuse, an allegation or suspects that abuse may have occurred will report it immediately to Miss J Spreadbury or, in their absence, to Mrs R Holland or Miss B Denton. In the absence of either of the above, concerns will be brought to the attention of the most senior member of staff on site. Staff understand that if there is an immediate risk of harm then the police or First Response will be called directly and the DSL will be updated at the earliest opportunity (see the referral procedure in sections 4 and 7, and allegations against staff in section 9).
- 3.2. Staff must maintain a good working knowledge of the [Buckinghamshire Threshold Document](#) and any updates, how it can be used to safeguard and promote the wellbeing of pupils and how it should be used to inform decision making regarding a referral to First Response as soon as there is a significant concern.
- 3.3. Staff understand that the most common reason for children becoming looked after is as a result of abuse and/or neglect and that previously looked after children remain vulnerable. Staff have the skills, knowledge and understanding to keep both looked after children and previously looked after children safe.
- 3.4. Staff understand increased vulnerability and that barriers exist when recognising abuse and neglect for children with Special Educational Needs or Disabilities.
- 3.5. The Governing Body understands and fulfils its safeguarding responsibilities. It must:
- 3.5.1. Ensure that the Headteacher and (when not the Headteacher) the DSL create and maintain a strong, positive culture of safeguarding within the school.
  - 3.5.2. Ensure that this policy reflects the unique features of the community we serve and the needs of the pupils attending our provision (see section 4). This will be reviewed at least annually in line with changes to guidance and legislation.
  - 3.5.3. Regularly monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of this Child Protection Policy and be satisfied that it is being complied with.
  - 3.5.4. Appoint a Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL), who is a member of the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) and has the required level of authority, and also appoint at least one Deputy DSL. The Headteacher has overall responsibility for safeguarding within the school; they can be the DSL or can delegate that work to a member of the SLT. The SLT must report to the Headteacher on a regular basis. The roles and responsibilities of the DSL and Deputy DSL are made explicit in those post-holders' job descriptions.

- 3.5.5. Recognise the importance of the role of the DSL, ensuring they have sufficient time, training, skills and resources to be effective. Refresher training must be attended every 2 years, in addition knowledge and skills must be refreshed at regular intervals, at least annually.
- 3.5.6. Ensure measures are in place for the governing body to have oversight of how the school's delivery against its safeguarding responsibilities are exercised and evidenced. Ensure robust structures are in place to challenge the Headteacher where there are any identified gaps in practice or procedures are not followed.
- 3.5.7. Recognise the vital contribution that the school can make in helping children to keep safe, through incorporation of safeguarding within the curriculum. This will also be taught through the PSHE curriculum and relevant issues through the Relationship Education (primary schools) or Relationship Sex Education (secondary schools, mandatory from Sept. 2020). Ensure that through curriculum content and delivery children in the school understand, at age and stage appropriate levels, safeguarding and how to keep themselves safe in a contextually appropriate way.
- 3.5.8. Ensure safe and effective recruitment policies and disciplinary procedures are in place, which adhere to **Keeping Children Safe in Education, September 2019** and legislation referred to therein.
- 3.5.9. Ensure resources are allocated, as a priority, to meet the needs of pupils requiring child protection or early intervention.
- 3.5.10. Ensure the DSL completes an Annual Safeguarding Report for Governors, demonstrating how we are meeting our statutory responsibilities for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children. Ensure a copy of this report is shared with the Education Safeguarding Advisory Service within the specified time frame.
- 3.6. It is the duty of the Chair of Governors, Mr J Grant, to liaise with relevant agencies if any allegations are made against the Headteacher. If there are concerns that issues are not being progressed in an expedient manner, staff/pupils/parents/carers should escalate concerns to the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) via First Response.
- 3.7. The Governing Body must ensure that a named teacher is designated for Children Looked After and that an up to date list of children who are subject to a Care Order or are accommodated by the County Council is regularly reviewed and updated. The school must work with the Virtual Schools Team to support the educational attainment for those children who are Looked After.
- 3.8. The governing body has a statutory duty to appoint a Nominated Governor for Child Protection. The Nominated Governor must be familiar with [Buckinghamshire Safeguarding Children Partnership](#) procedures, Local Authority procedures and guidance issued by the Department for Education. The Nominated Governor must:

- 3.8.1.** Work with the DSL to produce the Child Protection Policy annually.
- 3.8.2.** Undertake appropriate safeguarding training, to include Prevent Training.
- 3.8.3.** Ensure child protection is, as a minimum, an annual agenda item for the Governing Body.
- 3.8.4.** Meet at least termly with the DSL to review and monitor the school's delivery on its safeguarding responsibilities and to review the Single Central Record.
- 3.9.** All governors must complete safeguarding training on appointment, to also include Prevent training.
- 3.10.** Overall responsibility for the safeguarding of pupils remains with the Headteacher, although tasks may be delegated to other members of the team, including the nominated DSL if appropriate. We have a Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) who is responsible for:
  - 3.10.1.** Creating a culture of safeguarding within the school, where children are protected from harm. Ensuring all staff receive an appropriate level of induction and training to support them to be professionally curious and vigilant in order to question behaviours and challenge perceptions if they have concerns for a pupil.
  - 3.10.2.** Ensuring children receive the right help at the right time using the Buckinghamshire Threshold Document to inform plans for support or protection (see Appendix for definitions of the categories of abuse).
  - 3.10.3.** Ensuring referrals to partner agencies are followed up in writing, within 24 hrs of initial contact, including referrals to First Response.
  - 3.10.4.** Establishing and embedding a policy and process for recording and storing information about child protection concerns and outcomes achieved, enabling records to be reviewed and an overview gained, in order to support timely interventions and allow prompt follow up. This includes use of the Escalation Process found on the BSCP website.
  - 3.10.5.** Ensuring safeguarding records, legislation and guidance are up to date and are maintained in accordance with data protection. Ensuring records are stored safely and securely and remain confidential. That:
    - the DSL must share information, both internally and externally, on a 'need to know' basis only, being able to justify the reason for sharing and in accordance with the confidentiality policy.
    - all child protection files are held separately from pupil educational records.

- 3.10.6.** Maintaining the record of staff safeguarding training. Ensuring that the Spinfield most up to date **Child Protection Policy** is widely available (this may be on the website), publishing the **Safeguarding Statement** and other relevant information on the school website. Ensuring that the safeguarding team contact details and photos are displayed in prominent areas around the school and also on the website.
- 3.10.7.** Being the designated point of contact for staff to be able to discuss and share their concerns, developing a culture whereby staff feel comfortable to do so. In their absence the DSL will ensure the Deputy DSL, or most senior member of staff, is available (The DSL and the Deputy are both trained to the same level within our school).
- 3.10.8.** Being available to staff and outside agencies during school hours and term time for consultation on safeguarding concerns raised. Having responsibility to ensure that cover is arranged outside of term-time during working hours.
- 3.10.9.** During residential and extended school hours, ensuring arrangements are in place for staff to have a point of contact.
- 3.10.10.** Contributing effectively to multiagency working, for the safeguarding and promotion of the welfare of children, this could include:
- participating in Strategy discussions;
  - attending Child Protection Case Conferences;
  - submitting reports to the conference, which must be shared in advance with the parents/carers;
  - contributing effectively and taking shared responsibility for core group meetings with all other agencies involved;
  - engaging fully, as requested, in any other multi-agency planning meetings;
  - contributing to the Framework for Assessments process;
  - ensuring coverage is available at all times during the year
- 3.10.11.** Providing the Headteacher (if the Headteacher is not the DSL), with an annual report for the Governing Body, detailing how school delivers on its safeguarding responsibilities and any child protection issues within the school. The Governing Body will use this report to fulfil its responsibility to provide the Local Authority with information about their safeguarding policies and procedures.
- 3.10.12.** Meeting regularly (at least once a term) with the Nominated Governor to share oversight of the safeguarding provision within the

setting, monitor performance and develop plans to rectify any gaps in policy or procedure.

- 3.10.13. Meeting the statutory requirement to keep up to date with knowledge, enabling them to fulfil their role, including attending mandatory and any other additional relevant training.
- 3.10.14. Referring immediately to the Police any cases where a criminal offence may have been committed or risk of harm is imminent.

## 4. Procedures

Our school procedures for all staff, volunteers and visitors in safeguarding and protecting children from harm are in line with Buckinghamshire County Council and [Buckinghamshire Safeguarding Children Partnership](#) safeguarding procedures, **“Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018”**, **“Keeping Children Safe in Education” 2019** and statutory guidance issued under section 29 of the **Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015**.

We will ensure:

- 4.1 We have a designated member of the Senior Leadership Team who has undertaken appropriate training for the role, as recommended by the BSCP. Our Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) will be required to update their training in accordance with the Learning Pathway agreed by the BSCP.
- 4.2 We have a member of staff (Deputy Safeguarding Lead) who will act in the DSL's absence and who has also received training for the role of DSL. In the absence of an appropriately trained member of staff, the most senior member of staff on site will assume this role.
- 4.3 All adults (including supply teachers and volunteers) new to our school are made aware of the school's policy and procedures for child protection, the name and contact details of the DSL, their role and responsibilities under **“Keeping Children Safe in Education 2019”** and the booklet **“What to do if You're Worried a Child is Being Abused”**. They will have these explained, as part of their induction into the school.
- 4.4 Visitors must be :
  - 4.4.1 Clearly identified with visitor/contractor passes.
  - 4.4.2 Met and directed by school staff/representatives.
  - 4.4.3 Signed in and out of the school by school staff.
  - 4.4.4 Given a safeguarding leaflet to read, and directed to a poster informing them of how to report a concern
  - 4.4.5 Given restricted access to only specific areas of the school, as appropriate.
  - 4.4.6 Escorted by a member of staff/representative as required.

- 4.4.7** Given access to pupils restricted to the purpose of their visit.
- 4.5** All members of staff must complete regular safeguarding training, attend regular refresher training and partake in any training opportunities arranged or delivered by the DSL. Updates must be cascaded to all staff throughout the year, at a minimum of once a year.<sup>1</sup>
- 4.6** All parents/carers must be made aware of the school's responsibilities in regard to child protection procedures through this policy, which is available on our website. Hard copies are also available from the school office.
- 4.7** All staff must follow the reporting procedures as follows when reporting any child protection concerns:
- 4.7.1** Staff must ensure the child is in a safe place and in receipt of support;
  - 4.7.2** Staff must initially make a verbal report to the DSL to alert them to the safeguarding/child protection concern;
  - 4.7.3** Staff must make a written report using the school record keeping process;
  - 4.7.4** All concern forms are located in the staffroom attached to the safeguarding noticeboard.
  - 4.7.5** Staff must ensure the time and date of the incident is recorded;
  - 4.7.6** A factual account of the incident must be recorded, including who was involved, what was said/seen/heard, where the incident took place and any actual words or phrases used by the child;
  - 4.7.7** Use a body map to record any injuries seen or reported by the child;
  - 4.7.8** Staff must sign and date the report giving details of their role within school;
  - 4.7.9** The DSL must record when the report was passed to them and what action was taken alongside any outcomes achieved
- 4.8** Through our **Attendance Policy**, we have a robust system for monitoring attendance and will act to address absenteeism with parents/carers and pupils promptly and identify any safeguarding issues arising. If parents/carers have not contacted school to inform of their child's absence they will be telephoned by a member of staff at the close of register.
- 4.9** All children attending our school are required to have a minimum of two identified emergency contacts.

---

<sup>1</sup> "Keeping Children Safe in Education 2019" states that staff should receive regular training. Buckinghamshire County Council advises that this takes place no longer than 3 years in between refresher training.

- 4.10 Any pupil absent for ten school days, where it has not been possible to make contact with a parent/carers, will be reported as a Child Missing in Education (CME) using the **Buckinghamshire CME Protocol**.
- 4.11 Any absence, without satisfactory explanation, of a pupil currently subject to a child protection or child in need plan is immediately referred to their social worker.
- 4.12 Parents/carers must inform school if there are any changes to a pupil's living arrangement. Spinfield has a mandatory duty to inform the local authority, via the First Response Team, if a child under the age of 16 years old lives with someone other than their parent, step-parent, aunt, uncle or grandparent for a period of more than 28 days. This is defined as being a private fostering arrangement.
- 4.13 All staff, parents/carers and children are made aware of the school's escalation process, which can be activated in the event of concerns not being resolved after the first point of contact. We acknowledge an individual's safeguarding responsibility does not end once they have informed the DSL of any concerns, although specific details of further actions may be appropriately withheld by the DSL as information will only be shared on a need to know basis.
- 4.14 Our lettings policy reflects the ongoing responsibility the school has for safeguarding those using the site outside of normal school hours, ensuring the suitability of adults working with children on school sites at any time. School must have sight of the up to date **Child Protection Policy** of any organisation hiring the school's facilities.
- 4.15 The school operates **Safer Recruitment** practices, including ascertaining the suitability of volunteers and employed staff, both employed directly or via an agency, who are working in regulated activities.
- 4.16 Allegations against members of staff, including volunteers, are referred to the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO).
- 4.17 Our procedures are reviewed and updated annually as a minimum, or as there are changes to legislation.

## 5. Retention of Records

- 5.1 When a disclosure of abuse or an allegation against a member of staff or volunteer has been made, our school must have a record of this. These records are maintained in a way that is confidential and secure, in accordance with our **Record Keeping Policy** and **Data Protection Legislation**.
- 5.2 There is a statutory requirement for our school to pass any child protection records to the pupil's next school. We are required to have an auditable system in place to evidence we have done so. Any transfer of records will be carried out using a secure method and will be sent separately to the pupil's general file.

- 5.3** The last statutory school maintains child protection files until a pupil reaches the age of 25 years, therefore if the transfer school is unknown, or a pupil is going to be electively home educated, any child protection files will remain at our school in a secure location. Child protection files will only be destroyed when the pupil reaches their 25th birthday.
- 5.4** We have a robust system for reviewing our archived information held. Our files are stored and disposed of in line with GDPR protocols.

## **6. Confidentiality**

- 6.1** We recognise that all matters relating to child protection are confidential.
- 6.2** The Headteacher or Designated Safeguarding Lead must only disclose personal information about a pupil to other members of staff on a need to know basis.
- 6.3** Staff must not keep duplicate or personal records of child protection concerns. All information must be reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead and securely stored in the designated location within the school, separate from the pupil records.
- 6.4** All staff are aware they cannot promise a child to keep secrets which might compromise the child's safety or well-being or that of another as they have a duty to share. Staff must, however, reassure the child that information will only be shared with those people who will be able to help them and therefore need to know.
- 6.5** We will always undertake to share our intention to refer a child to Social Care (First Response) with their parent/carer's consent, unless to do so could put the child at greater risk of harm or impede a criminal investigation. If in doubt, we will consult with First Response on this point. We recognise that GDPR must not be a barrier for sharing information regarding safeguarding concerns.

## **7. Dealing with a disclosure**

In the event of a child disclosing abuse staff must:

- 7.1** Listen to the child, allowing the child to tell what has happen in their own way, and at their own pace. Staff must not interrupt a child who is freely recalling significant events.
- 7.2** Remain calm. Be reassuring and supportive, endeavouring to not respond emotionally.
- 7.3** Not ask leading questions. Staff are reminded to ask questions only when seeking clarification about something the child may have said or to gain sufficient information to know that this is a safeguarding concern. Staff are trained to use TED; Tell, Explain, Describe.



- 7.4** Make an accurate record of what they have seen/heard using the school's record keeping processes, recording; times, dates or locations mentioned, using as many words and expressions used by the child, as possible. Staff must not substitute anatomically correct names for body part names used by the child.
- 7.5** Reassure the child that they did the right thing in telling someone.
- 7.6** Staff must explain to the child what will happen next and the need for the information to be shared with the DSL.
- 7.7** In the unlikely event the DSL and deputy DSL not being available, staff are aware they must share concerns with the most senior member of staff.
- 7.8** **If there is immediate risk of harm to a child, staff will NOT DELAY and will ring 999.**
- 7.9** The child will be monitored/accompanied at all times following a disclosure, until a plan is agreed as to how best they can be safeguarded.
- 7.10** Following a report of concerns the DSL must:
- 7.10.1** Decide whether there are sufficient grounds for suspecting significant harm, in which case a referral must be made to First Response and the police if it is appropriate. The rationale for this decision should be recorded by the DSL.
- 7.10.2** Normally the school should try to discuss any concerns about a child's welfare with parents/carers and, where possible, obtain consent before making a referral to First Response. However, in accordance with DfE guidance, this should only be done when it will not place the child at increased risk or could impact a police investigation. Where there are doubts or reservations about involving the child's family, the DSL should clarify with First Response or the police whether the parents/carers should be told about the referral and, if so, when and by whom. This is important in cases where the police may need to conduct a criminal investigation. The child's views should also be taken into account.
- 7.10.3** If there are grounds to suspect a child is suffering or is likely to suffer significant harm, the DSL (or Deputy) must contact First Response by telephone in first instance and then completing the Multi Agency Referral Form (MARF) making a clear statement of:
- the known facts
  - any suspicions or allegations
  - whether or not there has been any contact with the child's family

- 7.10.4 If the child is in immediate danger and urgent protective action is required, the police must be called. The DSL must then notify First Response of the occurrence and what action has been taken.
- 7.10.5 If a child needs urgent medical attention, the DSL (or Deputy) should call an ambulance via 999. DSL to contact First Response; advice to be sought from First Response about informing parents/carers.

## 8. Supporting Staff

- 8.1 We recognise that staff becoming involved with a child who has suffered harm, or appears to be likely to suffer harm, could find the situation stressful and upsetting.
- 8.2 We will support such staff by providing an opportunity to talk through their anxieties with the DSL and to seek further support if necessary. This could be provided by the Headteacher or another trusted colleague, Occupational Health, and/or a representative of a professional body, Employee Assistance Programme (PAM) or trade union, as appropriate.
- 8.3 In consultation with all staff, we have adopted a **Code of Conduct** for staff working in our school. This forms part of staff induction and is in the staff handbook. All staff know how to access the **Code of Conduct** to refer to it. (this is available in the staffroom on the safeguarding noticeboard).
- 8.4 All staff are required to sign that they have read, understood and agree to comply with the agreed standards of practice set out in the staff **Code of Conduct**.

## 9. Allegations against staff and volunteers (including Governors)

- 9.1 All school staff and volunteers must take care not to place themselves in a vulnerable position with a child. It is always advisable for interviews or work with individual children or parents/carers to be conducted in view of other adults (See also section 7 above). There must be no 1:1 contact between staff and pupils which is not “open to the casual observer”
- 9.2 We understand that a pupil may make an allegation against a member of staff or volunteer. If such an allegation is made, the member of staff notified of the allegation will immediately inform the Headteacher or the most senior teacher if the Headteacher is not present.
- 9.3 The Headteacher/Senior Teacher on all such occasions must immediately discuss the content of the allegation with the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO). The purpose of an initial discussion is for the LADO and the Case Manager to consider the nature, content and context of the allegation and agree a course of action.
- 9.4 The Head Teacher/Senior Teacher must:

- 9.4.1** Follow all advice given by the LADO throughout the investigation process, including how to manage the staff member or volunteer against whom the allegation is made, as well as supporting other staff and volunteers within the workplace.
- 9.4.2** Follow all advice given by the LADO relating to supporting the child making the allegation, as well as other children connected to the organisation.
- 9.4.3** Ensure feedback is provided to the LADO about the outcome of any internal investigations.
- 9.5** If the allegation made to a member of staff concerns the Headteacher, the person receiving the allegation will immediately inform the Chair of Governors who will consult the LADO without notifying the Headteacher first.
- 9.6** The school will follow the local safeguarding procedures for managing allegations against staff and volunteers, a copy of which can be found in the staffroom on the noticeboard in the Conduct and Discipline Policy.
- 9.7** Suspension of the member of staff against whom an allegation has been made needs careful consideration and, if necessary, we will consult with the LADO in making this decision. Guidance will also be sought from HR.
- 9.8** If a suspension is made, restrictions will apply to all staff and volunteers regarding contact with them whilst they are suspended, including contact via social media, such as Facebook and Twitter.
- 9.9** Our lettings agreement for other users requires that the organiser will follow the Buckinghamshire County Council procedures for managing allegations against staff and where necessary, the suspension of adults from school premises.
- 9.10** Should an individual staff member, governor or volunteer be involved in child protection, other safeguarding procedures or Police investigations in relation to abuse or neglect, they must immediately inform the Head Teacher. In these circumstances, the school will need to assess whether there is any potential for risk of transfer to the workplace and the individual's own work with children.

## **10. Whistleblowing**

- 10.1** We have a **Whistleblowing Policy** which can be found on the safeguarding board in the staffroom. Staff are required to familiarise themselves with this document during their induction period.
- 10.2** All staff must be aware of their duty to raise concerns about the attitude or actions of colleagues and report their concerns to the Headteacher or Chair of Governors.

## **11. Physical intervention/Positive handling**

- 11.1** Our policy on physical intervention/positive handling by staff is set out separately, as part of our Positive touch Policy.

## **12. Anti-Bullying**

- 12.1** Anti-Bullying is referenced within the **Policy** and measures are in place to prevent and respond to all forms of bullying, which acknowledges that to allow or condone bullying may lead to consideration under child protection procedures.

## **13. Discriminatory Incidents**

- 13.1** In line with the **Equalities Act 2010**, our **Equalities and Cohesion Policy** addresses all forms of discriminatory incidents. It takes into account the guidance offered by the Buckinghamshire guidance document 'Equally Safe – Dealing with Prejudice Related Incidents Guidance for Schools'.

## **14. Health and Safety**

- 14.1** We recognise the importance of safeguarding pupils throughout the school day. Our **Health and Safety policy** reflects the consideration we give to the protection of our children, both physically and emotionally, within the school environment.
- 14.2** Part of the safeguarding measures we have in place include the safe dropping off and collection of pupils at the start and end of the school day. All parents/carers must deliver their children to the children only gate and collect them from the front of school. Parents/carers are expected to inform us via home school book or e mail before 3pm if there is to be a change in the arrangement of collection for their child.
- 14.3** Pupils who leave the site during the school day do so only with the written permission of a parent/carer and are collected by an authorised adult where appropriate. School should be notified by the parents/carers regarding whom they have authorised for this task. They must then sign the child out in the book kept by the main entrance.
- 14.4** Children who attend wraparound care are collected from the front office.
- 14.5** In the event of a pupil going missing during the course of the school day we will carry out immediate checks to ensure the pupil is not on site, we will then make contact with the pupil's parents/carers and inform the police.

## **15. Prevent Duty**

- 15.1** We are aware of the Prevent Duty under **Section 26 of the Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015** to protect young people from being drawn

into terrorism. This is as a safeguarding matter like any other and these processes will be applied to support children and their families where vulnerabilities are identified.

- 15.2 All school staff and governors have completed Prevent training.
- 15.3 We have in place and monitor appropriate web filtering systems so that pupils cannot view potentially extreme material.
- 15.4 Staff understand the need for a culture of vigilance to be present in the school to support safeguarding. This includes awareness and sensitivity to changes in the attitudes of pupils, which may indicate they are at risk of radicalisation.

## 16.E-Safety

- 16.1 All staff are aware of the school policy on **E-Safety** which sets out our expectations relating to:
  - 16.1.1 Creating a safer online learning environment,
  - 16.1.2 Giving everyone the skills, knowledge and understanding to help children stay safe on-line, question the information they are accessing and support the development of critical thinking,
  - 16.1.3 Inspiring safe and responsible use of mobile technologies, to combat behaviours on-line which may make pupils vulnerable, including sexting (youth-produced sexual imagery),
  - 16.1.4 Use of mobile technology both within school and on school trips/ outings
  - 16.1.5 Use of camera equipment, including smart phones,
  - 16.1.6 What steps to take if there are concerns and where to go for help,
  - 16.1.7 Staff use of social media as set out in the **Staff Code of Conduct**.
- 16.2 Cyber-bullying by children, via texts, social media and emails, will be treated as seriously as any other type of bullying and will be managed through our anti-bullying procedures. This includes sexting and image exchange under threat or through coercion.
- 16.3 Pupils, staff and parents/carers are supported to understand the risks posed by:
  - 16.3.1 the CONTENT accessed by pupils
  - 16.3.2 their CONDUCT on-line
  - 16.3.3 and who they have CONTACT with in the digital world.
- 16.4 We have a separate **Mobile Phone Policy** which sets out the acceptable use of mobile technologies by pupils whilst onsite. This includes sanctions which will be applied when these boundaries are not adhered to.

**16.5** Visitors to our school are respectfully requested to turn all mobile devices off. This is a safeguarding measure for our pupils.

**16.6** Staff use of mobile technology whilst on site is set out in the **Staff Code of Conduct**.

## **17. Sexting**

Sexting', also referred to as 'youth produced sexual imagery', is one of a number of 'risk-taking' behaviours associated with the use of digital technologies, social media or the internet. It is accepted that children experiment and challenge boundaries and therefore the risks associated with 'online' activity can never be completely eliminated.

**17.1** Staff, pupils and parents/carers are supported, via training, to understand the creation and sharing of sexual imagery, such as photos or videos, of under 18s is illegal. This includes images of pupils themselves if they are under the age of 18.

**17.2** Any youth produced sexual imagery disclosures will follow the normal safeguarding practices and protocols for our school. We will also use the guidelines for responding to incidents, as set out in the publication '[Sexting in Schools and Colleges](#)' produced by the UK Council for Child Internet Safety.

**17.3** If the incident meets the threshold it may be necessary to refer to the police in a timely manner; contact will be through a safer schools officer, a PCSO (Police Community Security Officer), local neighbourhood police or by dialling 101. Such a report will result in an Outcome 21 record being generated by the police. We will always endeavour to speak to the parents/carers of the pupils involved prior to any report being made to the police.

## **18. Peer on Peer Abuse**

Spinfield believes that all children have a right to attend school and learn in a safe environment free from harm by both adults and other pupils. We recognise that some safeguarding concerns can occur via peer on peer abuse.

**18.1** All staff operate a zero-tolerance policy to peer on peer abuse and will not pass off incidents as 'banter' or 'just growing up'.

**18.2** All staff recognise that peer on peer issues may include, but may not be limited to:

**18.2.1** Bullying (including cyber bullying)

**18.2.2** Racial abuse

**18.2.3** Physical abuse, such as hitting, hair-pulling, shaking, biting or other forms of physical harm

**18.2.4** Sexual violence and sexual harassment

- 18.2.5 Abuse related to sexual orientation or identity
- 18.2.6 Sexting as set out in section 17
- 18.2.7 Initiation type violence and rituals
- 18.2.8 Emotional abuse
- 18.3 The following will be considered when dealing with incidents:
  - 18.3.1 Whether there is a large difference in power between the victim and perpetrator i.e. size, age, ability, perceived social status or vulnerabilities, including SEND, CP/CIN or CLA
  - 18.3.2 Whether the perpetrator has previously tried to harm or intimidate pupils
  - 18.3.3 Any concerns about the intentions of the alleged perpetrator
- 18.4 In order to minimise the risk of peer on peer abuse taking place, school must:
  - 18.4.1 Deliver PSHE to include teaching pupils about how to keep safe and understanding what acceptable behaviour looks like
  - 18.4.2 Ensure that pupils know that all members of staff will listen to them if they have concerns and will act upon them
  - 18.4.3 Have systems in place for any pupil to be able to voice concerns
  - 18.4.4 Develop robust risk assessments if appropriate
  - 18.4.5 Refer to any other relevant policies when dealing with incidents, such as the **Behaviour Policy** and/or the **Anti-Bullying Policy**
- 18.5 We recognise that 'Upskirting' involves taking a photograph under an individual's clothing without their knowledge. We understand that it causes the victim distress and humiliation. Staff recognise that 'Upskirting' is a criminal offence and must promptly report any such incidence to the Headteacher, DSL or most senior member of staff.
- 18.6 Reference will be made to the following government guidance and part 5 of the **Keeping Children Safe in Education, Sept 2019** to ensure that all staff have an understanding of the serious nature of sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools. [Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges - GOV.UK](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/418687/sexual_violence_and_sexual_harassment_between_children_in_schools_and_colleges_-_gov.uk.pdf)

## 19. Cultural Issues

- 19.1 As a school we are aware of the cultural diversity of the community around us and work sensitively to address the unique culture of our pupils and their families as they relate to safeguarding and child protection. This includes children at risk of harm from abuse arising from culture, faith and belief on the part of their parent, carer or wider community.

- 19.2** Staff must report concerns about abuse linked to culture, faith and beliefs in the same way as other child protection concerns.

## **20. So Called 'Honour' Based Violence**

- 20.1** Staff at our school understand there is a legal duty to report known cases of Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) and So Called 'Honour' Based Violence to the police and they will do this with the support of the DSL. [Mandatory reporting of female genital mutilation: procedural information - GOV.UK](#)
- 20.2** Our school is aware of the need to respond to concerns relating to forced marriage and understand that it is illegal, a form of children abuse and a breach of children's rights. We recognise some pupils, due to capacity or additional learning needs, may not be able to give an informed consent and this will be dealt with under our child protection processes. **Spinfeld** staff can contact the Forced Marriage Unit if they need advice or information. Contact 020 7008 0151 [fmf@fco.gov.uk](mailto:fmf@fco.gov.uk)
- 20.3** We are aware of the signs of FGM [Female genital mutilation \(FGM\) | NSPCC](#)
- 20.4** We recognise both male and female pupils may be subject to honour based abuse e.g. where children's cultural background are at odds with their behaviours such as sexuality, under-age sex, relationships, gender identity or life style choices.
- 20.5** We promote awareness through training and access to resources, ensuring that the signs and indicators are known and recognised by staff.
- 20.6** Any suspicions or concerns for forced marriage are reported to the DSL who will refer to First Response or the police if emergency action is required.

## **21. Contextual Safeguarding**

Contextual Safeguarding is an approach to understanding, and responding to, children's experiences of significant harm beyond their families. It recognises that the different relationships that children form in their neighbourhoods, schools and online can feature violence and abuse. Parents and carers may have little influence over these contexts, and children's experiences of extra-familial abuse can undermine parent/carer-children relationships.

- 21.1** At Spinfeld we recognise that pupils may encounter safeguarding issues that happen in the wider community and we will respond to such concerns, reporting to the appropriate agencies in order to support and protect the pupil.
- 21.2** All staff, and especially the DSLs, will consider the context of incidents that occur outside of school to establish if environmental factors may be putting the pupil's welfare and safety at risk.
- 21.3** Children who may be alleged perpetrators will also be supported to understand the impact of contextual issues on their safety and welfare.



- 21.4** In such cases the individual needs and vulnerabilities of each child will be considered.

## **22. Serious Violence**

- 22.1** All staff are aware of signs and indicators which may signal that children are at risk from, or are involved with, serious violent crime. These may include increased absence from school, a change in friendships or relationships with older individuals or groups, a significant decline in performance, signs of self-harm or significant change in well-being or signs of assault or unexplained injuries. Staff are aware that unexplained gifts or new possessions could also indicate that children have been approached by, or are involved with, individuals associated with criminal networks or gangs.
- 22.2** At Spinfield we are aware of the risks to children and will take appropriate measures to manage any situations arising.

## **23. Use of Photography**

- 23.1** We will often use photographs and film to capture achievements, monitor a child's development and help promote successes within our school. We like to have a record of all the wonderful activities our pupils take part in, guidelines for the use of photography in Spinfield school is set out in our Mobile Phones and Cameras Policy.

## **24. Policy Review**

- 24.1** The Governing Body of our school is responsible for ensuring the annual review of this policy. The date the next review is due is on the front cover of this policy.

## **Appendix**

Everyone who works with children has a duty to safeguard and promote their welfare. They should be aware of the signs and indicators of abuse and know what to do and to whom to speak if they become concerned about a child or if a child discloses to them.

The following is intended as a reference for school staff and parents/carers if they become concerned that a child is suffering or likely to suffer significant harm.

The Children Act 1989 defines abuse as when a child is suffering or is likely to suffer 'significant harm'. Harm means ill treatment or the impairment of health or development. Four categories of abuse are identified:

### **Categories of Abuse**

Child abuse is a form of maltreatment. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. Children people may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others. Abuse can take place wholly online, or technology may be used to facilitate offline abuse. Children may be abused by an adult or adults, or another child or children.

#### **Physical Abuse**

A form of abuse which may involve; hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating, or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.

#### **Emotional Abuse**

The persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and persistent adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meets the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability, as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning, or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyber bullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, though it may occur alone.

#### **Sexual Abuse**

Involves forcing or enticing a child to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by

penetration (for example, rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse. Sexual abuse can take place online and technology can be used to facilitate offline abuse. Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children. The [Brook Sexual Behaviours Traffic Light Tool](#) can be used as guidance to support professionals in identifying and responding to sexual behaviour in children.

### **Neglect**

The persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to:

- a) provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment)
- b) protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger
- c) ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate caregivers)
- d) ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.

## **Exploitation**

Exploitation is a form of child abuse and may take a number of forms:

### **Child Sexual Exploitation**

Sexual abuse may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example, rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside clothing. It may include non-contact activities, such as involving children in the production of sexual images, forcing children to look at sexual images or watch sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways or grooming a child in preparation for abuse (including via the internet).

The definition of child sexual exploitation is as follows:

Child sexual exploitation is a form of child sexual abuse. It occurs where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child or young person under the age of 18 into sexual activity (a) in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or (b) for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator. The victim may have been sexually exploited even if the sexual activity appears consensual. Child sexual exploitation does not always involve physical contact; it can also occur through the use of technology

[CSE Guidance Core Document](#)

We recognise that exploitation includes the trafficking of children and Modern Day Slavery. [Victims of modern slavery – frontline staff guidance](#)

### **Extremism**

Extremism is the vocal or active opposition to our fundamental values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and the mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs. This also includes calling for the death of members of the armed forces. Radicalisation refers to the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and extremist ideologies associated with terrorist groups.

### **County Lines**

As set out in the Serious Violence Strategy (see link below), published by the Home Office, a term used to describe gangs and organised criminal networks involved in exporting illegal drugs into one or more importing areas within the UK, using dedicated mobile phone lines or other form of 'deal line'. They are likely to exploit children and vulnerable adults to move and store the drugs and money, and they will often use coercion, intimidation, violence (including sexual violence) and weapons.

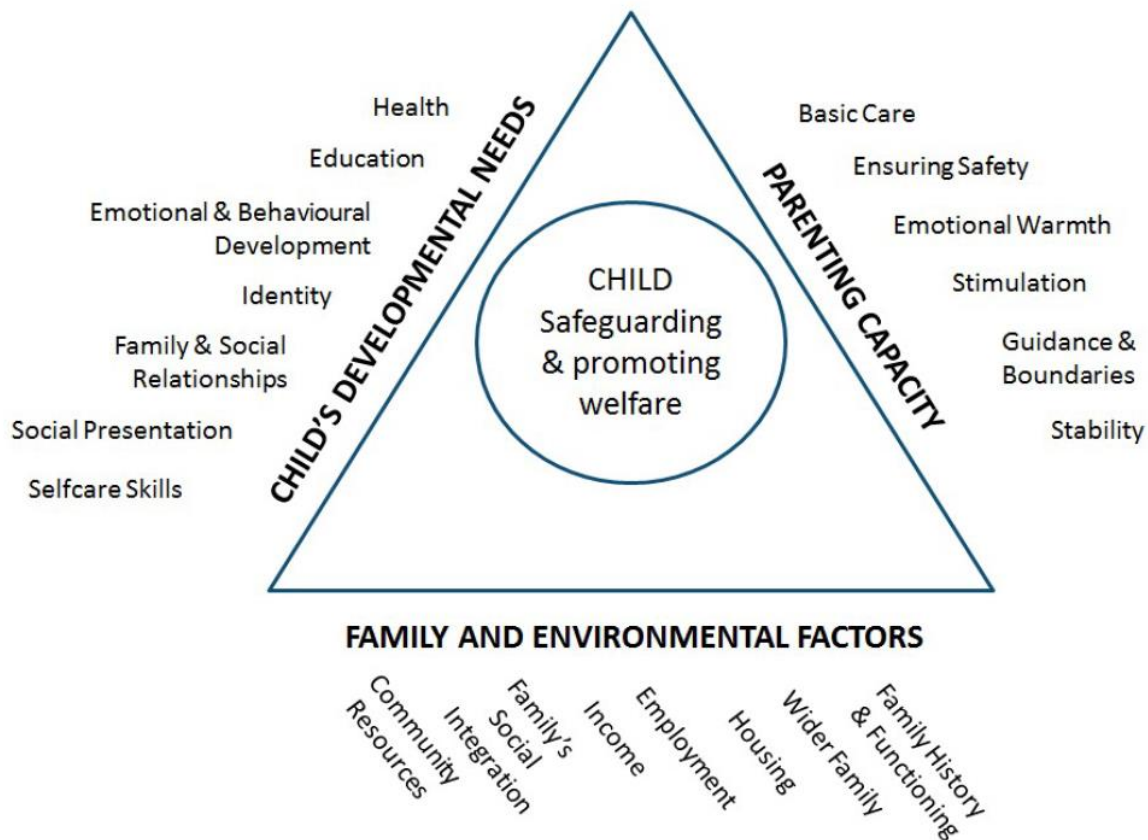
### **Child Criminal Exploitation**

As set out in the [Serious Violence Strategy](#) published by the Home Office, where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, control, manipulate or deceive a child or young person under the age of 18 into any criminal activity (a) in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or (b) for the financial or other advantage of the perpetrator or facilitator and/or (c) through violence or the threat of violence. The victim may have been criminally exploited even if the activity appears consensual. Child criminal exploitation does not always involve physical contact; it can also occur through the use of technology.

Taken from "[Working Together to Safeguard Children](#)" 2018

## Assessment Framework

(from Working Together to Safeguard Children, July 2018)



Every assessment should draw together relevant information gathered from the child and their family and from relevant practitioners including teachers and school staff, early years workers, health practitioners, the police and adult social care.

Every assessment of a child should reflect the unique characteristics of the child within their family and community context.

Each child whose referral has been accepted by children's social care should have their individual needs assessed, including an analysis of the parental capacity to meet those needs, whether they arise from issues within the family or the wider community.

Frequently, more than one child from the same family is referred and siblings within the family should always be considered.



# COVID-19 arrangements for safeguarding and child protection at Spinfield school

**School name: Spinfield School**

**Policy owner: Spinfield School**

**Date: 14.04.2020**

**Date shared with governors and trustees: 14.04.2020**

**Date shared with staff: 14.04.2020**

The safety and welfare of all children must always be Spinfield School's priority and the principles within the Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSiE) 2019 and our CP Policy still apply.

### **Designated Safeguarding Lead**

Role	Name	Phone	Email
<b>Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)</b>	Jayne Spreadbury	01628 473551	<a href="mailto:head@spinfieldschool.co.uk">head@spinfieldschool.co.uk</a>
	Rebecca Holland	01628 473551	<a href="mailto:rholland@spinfieldschool.co.uk">rholland@spinfieldschool.co.uk</a>
	Beth Denton	01628 473551	<a href="mailto:senco@spinfieldschool.co.uk">senco@spinfieldschool.co.uk</a>
<b>Headteacher if not DSL or DDSL</b>	Jayne Spreadbury		
<b>Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead (DDSL)</b>			
<b>Chair of Governors/Trustee</b>	James Grant		<a href="mailto:chairofgovernors@spinfieldschool.co.uk">chairofgovernors@spinfieldschool.co.uk</a>
<b>Safeguarding Governor/Trustee</b>	George Uden		<a href="mailto:guden@spinfieldschool.co.uk">guden@spinfieldschool.co.uk</a>

A member of the DSL team will always be available during school hours. The optimal scenario is to have a trained DSL (or deputy) available on site. Where this is not the case a trained DSL (or deputy) will be available to be contacted via phone or online video - for example when working from home.

Where a trained DSL (or deputy) is not on site, in addition to the above, a designated senior member of staff will assume responsibility for co-ordinating safeguarding on site.

The DSL will continue to engage with social workers, and attend all multi-agency meetings, which can be done remotely.

### **Responsibilities**

We continue to take a whole school approach to safeguarding and it is the responsibility of all staff to report any concerns that they may have for the safety and/or welfare of any children with whom they have contact. This contact may be via e-mail, through a phone call or directly with the child.

It remains essential that people who are unsuitable are not allowed to enter the children's workforce or gain access to children.

A written notification, Letter of Assurance, will be obtained from a setting or school if any of their staff members come to work at Spinfield School and a risk assessment will be put in place.

Any volunteers coming into Spinfield School will be subject to relevant checks being completed as set out in paragraphs 167 to 172 of KCSIE. Under no circumstances will a volunteer who has not been checked be left unsupervised or allowed to work in regulated activity. A risk assessment will be put in place on an individual basis.

Any staff or volunteers, carrying out duties in this school, who are usually based in another setting, will read the school's Child Protection Policy and KCSIE 2019, Part 1 and annexe A. They will be informed of who the DSLs are and made aware of the school and local procedures for reporting concerns.

Induction to safeguarding training will be completed by the DSL and or Headteacher for any volunteers who are not familiar with our school.

Whilst acknowledging the challenge of the current national emergency, it is essential from a safeguarding perspective that Spinfield School is aware, on any given day, which staff/volunteers will be in the school or college, and that appropriate checks have been carried out, especially for anyone engaging in regulated activity. As such, Spinfield School will continue to keep the Single Central Record (SCR) up to date as outlined in paragraphs 148 to 156 in KCSIE.

Our DSLs and Headteacher will ensure that they keep informed of any up to date information, both at a local or national level, as a result of COVID-19, that will impact the welfare of all students within Spinfield School and will ensure that relevant information is shared with all staff, including any staff who may be carrying out temporary duties.

The DSL/Headteacher or appointed Senior Leader (Claire Clarke) will ensure that the child protection files are kept up to date and any required information is shared with the relevant agencies.

All staff must be made aware of how to report any welfare concerns – these remain the same.

All staff continue to have a duty to report any concerns about the conduct or actions of any other member of staff. This report will be made to the Headteacher or Chair of Governors in accordance with the school's Whistleblowing Policy.

## **Vulnerable children**

Vulnerable children include:

- Children who have a social worker
- Children with Child in Need (CIN) Plans
- Children on Child Protection (CP) Plans
- Looked after children
- Young carers
- Disabled children
- Pupils with Education, Health and Care (EHC) Plans (0-25)

Children who are known to our school and are deemed to be vulnerable will be offered a place in order to continue to attend, so long as they do not have underlying health conditions that put them at risk. If, however, we are unable to staff our school due to illness a place will be sought at a nearby setting.



Spinfield School must offer support to those children and parents/carers, who have concerns about the child contracting Covid-19 through attendance at school. School will also refer the guidance published by Public Health England and follow their advice. In cases where the child has a social worker, school must make contact with them to discuss the concerns. Guidance will also be sought from the Virtual School Head for children who are looked after (CLA).

Spinfield School must identify those children who are a concern, but do not meet the criteria to be classed as a vulnerable child. School must consider how they will remain in contact with these children. A plan for communication will include phone contact. Other individualised contact methods should be considered and recorded. If door step visits are considered then these should be subject to a full risk assessment including advice on appropriate PPE and should only be carried out with the express approval of the Head Teacher.

Those with an EHCP should be risk-assessed by their school or college in consultation with the local authority (LA) and parents, to decide whether they need to continue to be offered a school or college place in order to meet their needs, or whether they can safely have their needs met at home. This could include, if necessary, carers, therapists or clinicians visiting the home to provide any essential services. Many children and young people with EHC Plans can safely remain at home. School must consider how they will remain in contact with those children who are not attending school or who are attending an alternative provision. This will be done through individual emails with the class teacher and Support assistant, using school email addresses. Welfare phone calls, using the school's phone line may also be made.

Spinfield School will continue to work with and support children's social workers to help protect vulnerable children. This includes working with and supporting children's social workers and the local authority Virtual School Head for looked-after and previously looked-after children. Spinfield School will regularly review CP/CIN cases to determine vulnerability and prioritise resources accordingly. The lead person for this will be: Jayne Spreadbury.

Spinfield School will ensure that where we care for children of critical workers and vulnerable children on site, we ensure appropriate support is in place for them.

## **Mental health**

Negative experiences and distressing life events, such as the current circumstances, can affect the mental health of pupils and their parents. Teachers at our school must be aware of this in setting expectations of pupils' work whilst they are at home. Spinfield School will refer to the separate guidance on providing education remotely.

Appropriate support is in place for children of critical workers and vulnerable children attending school. The government guidance [mental health and behaviour in schools](#) will be referred to in order to support mental health issues that can bring about changes in a child's behaviour or emotional state, which can be displayed in a range of different ways, and that can be an indication of an underlying problem.

Support for pupils and students in the current circumstances will include existing provision in the school (although this may be delivered in different ways, for example over the phone) or from specialist staff or support services. Further advice on support can be found on schoolsweb at <https://schoolsweb.buckscc.gov.uk/covid-19-corona-virus-latest-advice/covid-19-mental-health-and-well-being/>

## **Online Safety**

All staff are aware of the Spinfield School E-Safety Policy, however during this period of the COVID-19 outbreak, there are other aspects of e-safety that need to be considered.

All staff at Spinfield School must be reminded to familiarise themselves with the following policies:

- Staff code of conduct
- Cyber Safety policy
- E Safety policy
- Remote learning Policy

### **Children and online safety away from school and college**

It is important that all staff who interact with children, including online, continue to look out for signs a child may be at risk. Any such concerns should be dealt with as per the Child Protection Policy and where appropriate referrals should still be made to children's social care and as required, the police.

Spinfield School will ensure any use of online learning tools and systems are in line with privacy and data protection/GDPR requirements.

Below are some things to consider when delivering virtual lessons/video content, especially where webcams are involved:

- Staff and children must wear suitable clothing, as should anyone else in the household.
- Any computers used should be in appropriate areas, for example, not in bedrooms; and the background should be blurred or suitable to be viewed by children.
- If there is a need for a live class, it must be recorded so that if any issues were to arise, the video can be reviewed.
- If using live classes/videos should be kept to a reasonable length of time, or the streaming may prevent the family 'getting on' with their day.
- If using live classes/videos, language must be professional and appropriate, including any family members in the background.
- If using live classes/videos staff must only use platforms provided by Spinfield School to communicate with pupils.
- If using live classes /videos staff should record, the length, time, date and attendance of any sessions held.

- Parental consent will be obtained prior to any pupil taking part in a virtual lesson.
- Teachers must not engage in any 1:1 virtual teaching sessions.
- Ensure that ground rules are in place so that the students have a good understanding of how the sessions will be organised and run.
- Consider the needs of vulnerable pupils, such as SEND.

[Guidance from the UK Safer Internet Centre on safe remote learning](#) and from the [London Grid for Learning on the use of videos and livestreaming](#) is available which could help plan online lessons and/or activities and deliver them safely.

Spinfield School will ensure that children, who are being asked to work online, have very clear reporting routes in place so they can raise any concerns whilst online. As well as reporting routes back to school, children will be signposted to age-appropriate practical support from, for example:

- [Childline](#) - for support
- [UK Safer Internet Centre](#) - to report and remove harmful online content
- [CEOP](#) - for advice on making a report about online abuse

Parents and carers may choose to supplement the school online offer with support from online companies and in some cases individual tutors. In the communications with parents and carers, Spinfield School will emphasise the importance of securing online support from a reputable organisation/individual who can provide evidence that they are safe and can be trusted to have access to children. Support for parents and carers to keep their children safe online includes:

- [Internet matters](#) - for support for parents and carers to keep their children safe online
- [London Grid for Learning](#) - for support for parents and carers to keep their children safe online
- [Net-aware](#) - for support for parents and careers from the NSPCC
- [Parent info](#) - for support for parents and carers to keep their children safe online
- [Thinkuknow](#) - for advice from the National Crime Agency to stay safe online
- [UK Safer Internet Centre](#) - advice for parents and carers.

For those students who are still accessing computers at school and therefore are online, school will still continue to ensure that the appropriate filters and monitoring systems are in place.

## **Supporting children not in school**

Spinfield School and its Headteacher/DSL will work closely with all stakeholders to maximise the effectiveness of any communication plan. This plan must be reviewed regularly (at least once a fortnight) and where concerns arise, the DSL will consider any referrals as appropriate.

The school will share safeguarding messages on its website and social media pages.

## **Supporting children in school**

Spinfield School will continue to be a safe space for all children to attend and flourish. The Headteacher will ensure that appropriate staff are on site and staff to pupil ratio numbers are appropriate, to maximise safety.

Spinfield School will refer to the Government guidance for education and childcare settings on how to implement social distancing and continue to follow the advice from Public Health England on handwashing and other measures to limit the risk of spread of COVID19.

## **Peer on Peer Abuse**

Spinfield School recognises that during the closure a revised process may be required for managing any report of such abuse and supporting victims. In the first instance, parents/carers must refer to the Child Protection Policy for procedures. Spinfield School recognises that during the period of school closure, children may have more frequent access to online devices, which has the potential to lead to online peer on peer abuse. These would include:

Sexting

Online abuse

Peer-on-peer grooming

Distribution of youth involved sexualised content

Harassment

Where a school receives a report of peer on peer abuse, it will be addressed promptly and appropriately, following the principles as set out in part 5 of KCSIE and of those outlined within of the Child Protection Policy.

The school will listen and work with the child, parents/carers and multi-agency partners, including a report to the police, if required, to ensure the safety and security of that young person.

Concerns and actions must be recorded, and appropriate referrals made.

## **Attendance monitoring**

Local authorities and education settings do not need to complete their usual day-to-day attendance processes to follow up on non-attendance.

For those children where it has been agreed between Spinfield School social workers and parents/carers that children will be attending school, the school will follow up on any pupil who does not arrive at the agreed time.

Spinfield School will also follow up with any parent or carer who has arranged care for their child(ren) and the child(ren) subsequently do not attend.

In all circumstances where a vulnerable child does not take up their place at school or discontinues, a DSL will notify their social worker.

To support the above, Spinfield School will, when communicating with parents/carers, confirm emergency contact numbers are correct and ask for any additional emergency contact numbers where they are available.

The Department for Education has introduced a [daily online attendance form](#) to keep a record of children of critical workers and vulnerable children who are attending school. This allows for a record of attendance for safeguarding purposes and allows schools to provide accurate, up-to-date data to the department on the number of children taking up places.

## **Children moving schools and colleges**

If any children are attending another setting, all relevant welfare and child protection information will be shared with that school. All relevant contacts, including social care contacts will also be shared with the school.

For looked-after children, any change in school must be led and managed by the Virtual School Head. The receiving school must be made aware of the reason the child is vulnerable and any arrangements in place to support them.

The receiving school will have access to a vulnerable child's EHC Plan, child in need plan, child protection plan or, for looked-after children, their personal education plan and know who the child's social worker is (and, for looked-after children, who the responsible Virtual School Head is). All medical information must be shared with the receiving school and suitable arrangements made for any children requiring medication to be administered. A risk assessment and protocol will be drawn up to cover individual cases. Contact telephone numbers will be shared with any receiving school. Wherever possible this will take place prior to the child arriving or as soon as possible following their arrival.

Any exchanges of information will ideally happen at DSL (or deputy) level, and likewise between special educational needs co-ordinators/named individual with oversight of SEND provision for children with EHC plans. However, it is acknowledged this may not always be possible. Where this is the case senior leaders must take responsibility.

Whilst schools and colleges must continue to have appropriate regard to data protection and GDPR this legislation does not prevent the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe. School must follow the advice about information sharing that can be found at paragraphs 76-83 of KCSIE.

**All staff will be sent this additional policy to read and to sign to say they have read and understood the content.**

**If staff are working from home they will be asked to email confirming the above.**